LIST OF DATA SOURCES \& MODEL FOR
AVAILABLE SEATS ESTIMATE

GREEN BOND IMPACT REPORTING
MARCH 2022

List of the data sources EUROFIMA used to produce the Impact Report.

| Source of data (1/2) |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Factor | Short name | Source | Page | Value |
| Average Auto Consumption - Motorway | ACM | Ecopassenger Methodology Report | Page 17 |  |
| Average Auto Consumption - Rural | ACR | Ecopassenger Methodology Report | Page 17 |  |
| \% of time traveled in a Motorway | TM\% | Assumption |  | 50\% |
| \% of time traveled in Rural roads | TR\% | Assumption |  | 50\% |
| Average Auto Consumption - Travel | ACT | Calculated |  |  |
| Average Diesel Auto Consumption - Travel | ACTD | Calculated |  | 4.9 I/100km |
| Average Petrol Auto Consumption - Travel | ACTP | Calculated |  | $6.71 / 100 \mathrm{~km}$ |
| \% of Diesel cars in the European Fleet | DC\% | ACEA (fleet type) |  | 42\% |
| \% of Petrol cars in the European Fleet | PC\% | ACEA (diesel vs petrol) |  | 53.9\% |
| Average car weight |  | European vehicle market statistics | Page 53 | 1395 kg |
| Average Auto Consumption | AC | Calculated |  | $5.91 / 100 \mathrm{~km}$ |
| Passengers per kilometer by country/mode of operations | pkmC | EU Statistical pocketbook 2019 |  |  |
| Passengers per kilometer by item of equipment | pkmT | Calculated |  |  |
| Available seats by country/mode of operations | AvSC | SCI Verkher GmbH |  |  |
| Available seats by specific item of equipment | AvST | Railways/Manufacturer data sheet |  |  |
| Numbers of specific green items | \#ST | Project |  |  |
| Baseline GhG emissions per pkm, avoided | EBA | EU Taxonomy | Art. 24.1, Page 329 | $290 \mathrm{gC02} / \mathrm{vkm}$ |
| Baseline GhG emissions per pkm, reduced | EBR | EU Taxonomy | Art. 24.1, Page 329 | $90 \mathrm{gCO2} / \mathrm{pkm}$ |
| Passenger per vehicle | PV | Ecopassenger |  | 1.5 |
| Project savings $\left[\mathrm{CO}_{2}\right]$ as reduced emissions | PSCDR | Calculated |  |  |
| Project savings $\left(\mathrm{CO}_{2}\right)$ as avoided emission | PSCDA | Calculated |  |  |
| $\mathrm{CH}_{4}$ emitted by energy unit- Petrol | CKwhP | UK Gov- GG Reporting- Conversion factors | See table "Conversion factors 2020: condensed set (for most users)" | $0.00071 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{kWh}$ |
| $\mathrm{CH}_{4}$ emitted by energy unit- Diesel | CKwhD | UK Gov- GG Reporting-Conversion factors | See table "Conversion factors 2020: condensed set (for most users)" | $0.00002 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{kWh}$ |
| $\mathrm{N}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ emitted by energy unit- Petrol | NKwhP | UK Gov- GG Reporting-Conversion factors | See table "Conversion factors 2020: condensed set (for most users)" | $0.00064 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{kWh}$ |
| $\mathrm{N}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ emitted by energy unit- Diesel | NKwhP | UK Gov- GG Reporting- Conversion factors | See table "Conversion factors 2020: condensed set (for most users)" | $0.00331 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{kWh}$ |
| Project savings (CH4) as avoided emissions | PSMHA | Calculated |  |  |
| Project savings (CH4) as reduced emissions | PSMHR | Calculated |  |  |
| Project savings ( N 2 O ) as avoided emissions | PSNOA | Calculated |  |  |
| Project savings ( N 20 ) as reduced emissions | PSNOR | Calculated |  |  |
| Diesel Heating Value-by Kg |  | Heating values |  | $45.5 \mathrm{MJ} / \mathrm{Kg}$ |
| Energy consumption baseline per pkm, car | JBC | Mobitool.ch |  | $1.30 \mathrm{MJ} / \mathrm{pkm}$ |
| Energy consumption baseline per pkm, diesel equipment | JBD | Ecopassenger Methodology Report | Page 18 | $1.15 \mathrm{MJ} / \mathrm{pkm}$ |
| Average Energy Consumption of the Green Asset per Pkm (CH, AT, DE, FR, IT) | JGA | Mobitool.ch |  |  |
| Average Energy Consumption of the Green Asset per Pkm (Other country) | JGA | Ecopassenger Methodology Report | Page 18 | $0.32 \mathrm{Mj} / \mathrm{pkm}$ |

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Source of data 2/2)

| Factor | Short name | Source | Page | Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Project savings as reduced energy consumption | PSJR | Calculated |  |  |
| Project savings as avoided energy consumption | PSJA | Calculated |  |  |
| Heating value by liter -Petrol | HVP | Heating values |  | $33.9 \mathrm{MJ} / \mathrm{I}$ |
| Heating value by liter- Diesel | HVD | Heating values |  | $36.7 \mathrm{MJ} / \mathrm{I}$ |
| Reduction in fuel consumption- Avoided | RFCA | Calculated |  |  |
| Reduction in fuel consumption- Reduced | RFCR | Calculated |  |  |

## FS/DSB LOCOMOTIVES AVAILABLE SEATS ESTIMATION

| E464 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Type of coaches | 2nd class Seats | lst class Seats | Driving trailer Seats | 2nd class coaches - \# | - \# | \% of usage | Seats (whole formation] | Seats weighted by loco Value | Unitary book value-Coaches | Unitary book value - Driving trailer | Unitary book value - Loco | Formation value | \# green loco | \# green coaches | \# Complete formations | \# Coaches left |
| MD | 82 | 72 | 60 | 3 | 2 | 52.6\% | 450 | 180.0 | 157,433 € | 1,196,284 € | 1,322,854 € | 3,306,303 € | 246 |  |  |  |
| PR | 100 |  | 76 | 5 |  | 15.8\% | 576 | 264.5 | 72,432 € | 1,196,284 € | 1,322,854 € | 2,881,299 € | 246 |  |  |  |
| Vivalto | 126 | 90 | 90 | 3 | 2 | 31.6\% | 648 | 141.0 | 737,160 € | 1,070,211 € | 1,322,854 € | 6,078,867 € | 246 | 248 | 41 | 2 |


| Seats of the average formation |  |  |  |  |  |  | 532.4 | 181.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| E403 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Type of coaches | 2nd class Seats | 1st class Seats | Driving trailer Seats | 2nd classist class coaches |  | \% of usage | Seats (whole formation) | Seats weighted by loco Value | Unitary book value-Coaches | Unitary book value - Driving trailer | Unitary book value - Loco | Formation value | \# green loco | \# green coaches | \# Complete formations | \# Coaches left |
| IC - Gran comfort | 74 | 52 | 59 | 5 | 3 | 35\% | 585 | 321.0 | 222,983 € | 1,196,284 € | 3,623,293 € | 6,603,444 € | 23 |  |  |  |
| UIC Z1 | 66 | 54 | 64 | 5 | 3 | 40\% | 556 | 266.0 | 344,418 € | 1,196,284 € | 3,623,293 € | 7,574,916 € | 23 |  |  |  |

*Assumed that $25 \%$ of the loco run during the night and are excluded from the estimation

| VECTRON AC DDK |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Type of coaches | $\begin{array}{r} \text { 2nd class } \\ \text { Seats } \end{array}$ | 1st class Seats | Driving trailer Seats | 2nd classl coaches - \# | $\begin{aligned} & \text { thes } \\ & \text { - } \end{aligned}$ | \% of usage | Seats (whole formation) | Seats weighted by loco Value | Unitary book value - Coaches | Unitary book value - Driving trailer | Unitary book value - Loco | Formation value | \# green loco | \# green coaches | \# Complete formations | \# Coaches left |
| Bombardier DD** | 121 | 115 | 90 | 2 | 1 | 80\% | 447 | 199.7 | 1,300,000 € | NA | 4,200,000 € | 9,400,000 € | 44 |  |  |  |
| Bombardier DD** | 121 | 115 | 90 | 3 | 2 | 20\% | 683 | 239.1 | 1,300,000 € | NA | 4,200,000 € | 12,000,000 € | 44 |  |  |  |
| Seats of the average formation |  |  |  |  |  |  | 494.2 | 207.6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

*Assumed that the unitary price is 4,2 ML€ (from IRJ value of the same type of Loc used in Finland)
${ }^{* *}$ Assumed that the unitary price is 1.3 ML€ (taken from the similar coach of CLF, ERMS data coming from CFL itself); configuration is based on DSB data ( https://www.dsb.dk/om-dsb/presse/pressemeddelelser/dsbs-new-double-deckers/ )

| E401* |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Type of coaches | 2nd class Seats | lst class Seats | Driving trailer Seats | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 2nd class } \\ & \text { coaches - } \end{aligned}$ | - \# | \% of usage | Seats (whole formation] | Seats weighted by loco Value | Unitary book value-Coaches | Unitary book value - Driving trailer | Unitary book value - Loco | Formation value | \# green loco | \# green coaches | \# Complete formations | \# Coaches left |
| UIC Z1 | 66 | 54 | 64 | 5 | 1 | 75\% | 448 | 150.54 | 344,418 € | 1,196,284 € | 1,651,229 € | 4,914,018 € | 21 |  |  |  |
| Seats of the average formation |  |  |  |  |  |  | 336.0 | 112.9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

*Assumed that $25 \%$ of the loco run during the night and are excluded from the estimation

| E414 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Type of coaches | $\begin{array}{r} \text { 2nd class } \\ \text { Seats } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { lst class } \\ \text { Seats } \end{array}$ | Driving trailer Seats | 2nd classls coaches - \# | - \# | \% of usage | Seats (whole formation) | Seats weighted by loco Value | Unitary book value-Coaches | Unitary book value - Driving trailer | Unitary book value - Loco | Formation value | \# green loco | \# green <br> coaches | \# Complete formations | \# Coaches left |
| IC - Gran comfort | 74 | 52 | 59 | 5 | 3 | 33\% | 585 | 104.0 | 222,983 € | 1,196,284 € | 644,653 € | 3,624,804 € | 58 |  |  |  |
| UIC Z1 | 66 | 54 | 64 | 5 | 3 | 66\% | 556 | 78.0 | 344,418 € | 1,196,284 € | 644,653 € | 4,596,277 € | 58 | 176 | 19 | 5 |

Seats of the average formation

| 560.0 | 85.8 |
| ---: | ---: |


| E402 B |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Type of coaches | 2nd class Seats | 1st class | Driving trailer Seats | 2nd classls coaches - \# | $\begin{gathered} \text { ches } \\ \text { - } \end{gathered}$ | \% of usage | Seats (whole formation] | Seats weighted by loco Value | Unitary book value-Coaches | Unitary book value - Driving trailer | Unitary book value - Loco | Formation value | \# green loco | \# green <br> coaches | \# Complete formations | \# Coaches left |
| IC - Gran comfort | 74 | 52 | 59 | 5 | 3 | 35\% | 585 | 98.7 | 222,983 € | 1,196,284 € | 604,992 € | 3,585,143 € | 5 |  |  |  |
| UIC Z1 | 66 | 54 | 64 | 5 | 3 | 40\% | 556 | 73.8 | 344,418 € | 1,196,284 € | 604,992 € | 4,556,616 € | 5 |  |  |  |

Seats of the average formation

| 427.2 | 64.1 |
| :--- | :--- |

In case of a locomotive pulling/pushing a set of passengers cars (i.e. E464 of FS or Vectron AC DDK of DSB), the number of available seats depends on the frequency of use of the specific formations that are utilized and on the coaches, in terms of type and numbers, which form the relevant formation. On the right we have described the single steps to calculate the available seats, using the Locomotive E464 as example; the other locomotives use the same logic.

1) We first define the different coaches and relevant \% of usage (E464 utilizes MD coaches $52.6 \%$ of the time, PR Coaches $15.8 \%$ of the time and Vivalto coaches for $31.6 \%$ of the time) and then the formation and relevant seats by type of coach (i.e. the loco E464 carries 3 second class ( 82 seats available each), 2 first class ( 72 seats available each) and 1 driving trailer ( 60 available seats) of the coach type MD)
2) We then calculate the financial value of the formation and of the single component (loco, coaches), taking as a basis the updated book value received by the Railway Operator
3) As we did not finance always the entire formation, but only the Locomotive, we weighed the available seats as pro rata of the book values (i.e. for the coach MD: 450*1.322.854/3.306.303=180,0)
4) Starting from this data, provided by FS, we can estimate the seats that the average loco-coaches formation carries, weighing the available seats of a formation with the frequency of utilization (i.e. for the locomotives E464: $180,0 * 52,6 \%+264,5 * 15,8 \%+141,0 * 31,6 \%=181,0$ )
5) In case we financed also the coaches (i.e. Vivalto), we estimated the numbers of complete formations (in this case, 41 , as we financed 248 Vivalto coaches an and each formation requires 6 coaches) and use the total available seats for the formation (648)
6) To avoid a double counting, the savings of the Vivalto coaches are not considered and put to zero, with the exclusion of the 2 coaches left; 248 (Financed Coaches)- 6 (Coaches per formation)* 41 (number of complete formation) $=2$ Coaches left. The value of the Seats is in this case 126

| Asset class | Available seats | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CLASS 2400 CFL | 334 |  |
| M6 SNCB | 80 |  |
| RABE 514 | 384 |  |
| RABE 521 | 161 |  |
| RABE 522 | 161 |  |
| RABE 523 | 161 |  |
| RABE 503 | 422 |  |
| CIVIA 465 | 277 |  |
| E464 | 181.0 | This value does not apply on 41 locomotives, where we have enough coaches to form a complete formation. In this case the value is 648 seats |
| VIVALTO | - | We put to zero the savings, not to double count them (see above the note on the E464), with the exclusion of the 2 coaches which are left, after completing the 41 formation. In this case the value is 126 seats |
| E403 FS | 218.7 |  |
| CLASS 449 | 263 |  |
| CIVIA 463 | 169 |  |
| CIVIA 464 | 223 |  |
| S-104 | 237 |  |
| S-114 | 237 |  |
| ETR 324 JAZZ | 202 |  |
| ETR 425 JAZZ | 290 |  |
| Minuetto e | 169 |  |
| CLASS 447 RF | 234 |  |
| RABDE 500 | 431 |  |
| RABE 511/6 | 535 |  |
| RABE 511/4 | 337 |  |
| RABE 520 | 128 |  |
| UIC ZIA | - | We put to zero the savings, not to double count them (see below the note on the E414) |
| UIC Z1 FS | - | We put to zero the savings, not to double count them (see below the note on the E414), with the exclusion of the 5 coaches which are left, after completing the 19 formation. In this case the value is 66 seats |
| CLASS 11 SNCB | 80 |  |
| E401 FS | 112.9 |  |
| E402 B FS | 64.1 | This value does not apply on 19 locomotives, where we have enough coaches to form a complete formation. In this case the value is 556 seats |
| E414 | 85.8 |  |
| VECTRON AC DDK | 207.6 |  |
| CLASS 6112 HZ | 220 |  |
| RABE 526-3 | 106 |  |
| RABE 526-4 | 163 |  |

